

A MAGYAR KÖZTÁRSASÁG

ALKOTMÁNYBÍRÓSÁGA

Institutional guarantees of elections

 from the aspect of the Constitutional Court

Dr. Istvan Stumpf,

Judge, Constitutional Court of Hungary

"Rules are not necessarily sacred, principles are."
- Franklin D. Roosevelt

Principles in the Constitution:

- Chapter XIII: The Basic Principles of Elections
- 71. § (1) Members of Parliament, Members of the European Parliament, local government representatives, mayors and the mayor of the capital shall be elected by direct, secret ballot by voting citizens, based on their universal and equal right to vote.

Principles in the new Basic Law:

 Article 3. Members of Parliament shall be elected by direct, secret ballot by voting citizens, based on their universal and equal right to vote, in elections which guarantee free expression of the will of voters, in accordance with the procedures laid down in a cardinal Act of Parliament.

The basic principles of electoral procedure

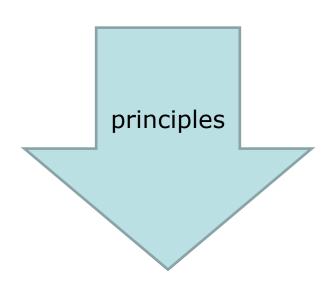
- Act on Electoral Procedure
- Article 3 When applying the rules of electoral procedure, the participants involved in the election shall assert the following basic principles:
- a) to safeguard the fairness of elections, to prevent electoral frauds;
- b) voluntary participation in the nomination, election campaign, voting;
- c) equality of chances among candidates and nominating organizations;
- d) exercise of rights in good faith, according to rules;
- e) option and impartial adjudging of legal remedy;
- f) fast and authentic determination of the results of the elections.

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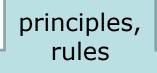
Institutional framework of implementation: present

Constitutional Court



<u>rules of the electoral system</u> <u>and procedure (Parliament)</u>

courts



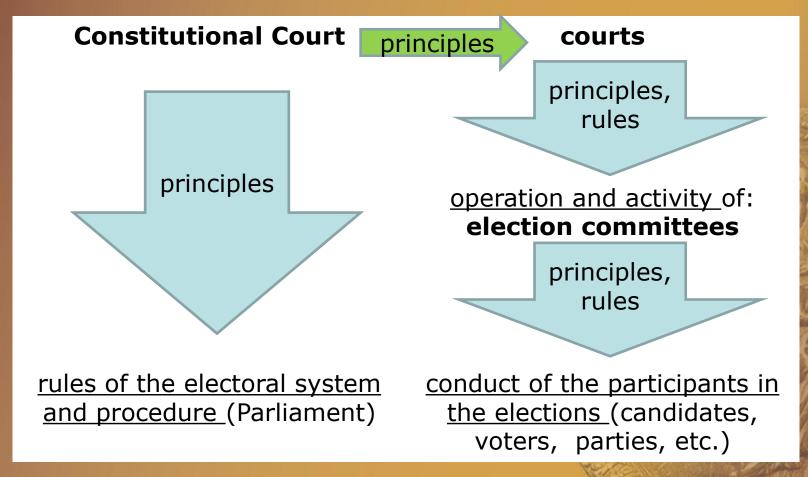
operation and activity of: election committees

principles, rules

conduct of the participants in the elections (candidates, voters, parties, etc.)

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Institutional framework of implementation: from 2012



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Constitutional complaint, legal interpretation

- Basic Law:
- Article 24 (2) The Constitutional Court shall [...] c) on the basis of a constitutional complaint, review the constitutionality of a judicial decision, [...]
- Article 28 During the application of law the courts will interpret the text of the law consistent with its intent and the Basic Law.

Independence of institutions

- Permanent status of members, no free recall
- Composition: independent and/or politically equal representation (strict or proportional equality)
- Appropriate, skilled members and staff
- transparency: rules of procedure must be clear, transparent proceedings, open to observation

Thank you for your attention!

